To keep Cider Sweet

Rack off thirty gallons sweet cider; put in one gill fine salt, and one pound of chalk. This will keep it sweet for two years.

Oct 24. 1826.

Sun proof Cement

Take as much lime as usual in making a pail ful of white wash, let it be sifted in the pail nearly full of water; in this put 2 lb. sugar and 3 lb. fine salt. mix them well together and the cement is compound. A little lamp black or yellow ochre may change the color by mixing

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Cure for weak Eyes

Camphor and Sweet milk mixed

Cure for Weak Eyes—

Take a small lump of white Copperas—say about the size of a pea; put it in a small phial, holding about two ounces of water; carry this in the pocket, and occasionly take out the cork, turn the phial upon the fingers and thus bathe the eyes. 1826

1829 Cure for Tooth ache by Dr. Blake

Take

Alum, reduced to an impalpable powder, 2 drachms; nitrous Spirits of ether 1 drachm; mix, and apply them to the tooth.

Bleeding at the nose

Charcoal finely pulverised, and taken as Snuff will stop bleeding at the nose.

From the Woodstock Observer

Brewing. Bismoth
The art of brewing.
Bismoth
is exactly similar

Bismoth for Dispepsia
Prescription of
Mrs. Anthony

Sweet Appla pudding
Take one pint of scalded
milk, half a pint of indian
meal, a tea cup of mol-
asses, a teaspoonfull of
salt, and six Sweet apples
cut into small pieces
Should be baked not less
than three hours; the appla
will afford an excellent
rich jelly; this is truly one
of the most luxurious, yet
simple yankee puddings
made

Cure for Ringbaurs

Take Blue ~~Vervine~~ Vervine
boil it and bathe it on the
part and pour on the liquor
for three or four days.

Cure for Bots

Take a peice of Allum 2/3
as big as a hens egg make it
fine and mix it with ½ a pt.
of Vinegar (mix it cold
give 2 spoons full first in
3 minutes give half (that wash)
remains and in 3 or 4 min-
utes give the rest

To make Corn Soup—

Cut the corn from the cob and boil it in water until it is sufficiently done; then pour in new milk, with salt, pepper, and one or two eggs; continue the boiling, and stir in flour in order to thicken it a little. This soup will be superior to the best turtle soup ever made. 1829

To destroy Rats & Mice.

Mix flour of malt with some butter, and add thereto a drop or two of oil of anniseed; make it up in balls, and bait your traps with it. If you have thousands, by this means you may take them all—

Composition for Grafting

Take one part of tallow.
two parts of bees wax, and
four parts rosin. Melt the
whole together; turn the
mixture into water, and work
it in the hands as the Shoe
- maker does his wax, to
incorporate the parts. A little
grease will prevent it's
adhering to the fingers.
If of the thickness of a
shilling it will neither
melt crack nor peal
off. —

A composition for painting wood &c.

1 Quart of Salt. dissolv'd in a gallon of hot water.

1 oz. of coarse brown Sugar in a quart of hot water.

5 oz. Spruce yellow.

2 oz. Lime.

To keep Insects from Sugar.

Wrap a piece of gum camphor in a clean ~~linen~~ linen cloth, and clean ~~and place~~ it in the sugar tub. Not an insect can be found in the sugar an hour ~~after~~ after words

Cure for Heaves in Horses

Put a table spoonful of ground ginger in his meal daily for several weeks —

How to Revive Gilt Frames

Beat up three ounces of white ~~of white~~ of eggs with one ounce of chloride of potash or Soda. and rub over the frame with a soft brush or this mixture the gilding will immediately become bright and fresh — ~~S~~ & Chloride

Oct 18. 1833 —

To make Yest.—

Boil one pound of good flour and a quarter of a pound of brown sugar, and a little salt, in two gallons of water for one hour. When milk warm, bottle it and cork it close, and it will be fit for use in 24 hours. One pint of the yeast will make 18 lbs of Bread.—

For burns

Dissolve in cold water as much alum as it will dissolve, put it in a bottle and keep it ready to apply immediately to a burn. Dip a cotton rag in the solution and spread it on; keep it on until inflamation ceases. Pain will immediately cease and blisters will be prevented or soon healed.—

To take ink spot from Mahogany

Take a piece of blotting ~~paper~~ paper crumble it together to make it firm, and just wetted, will take ink out of Mahogany. Rub the spot hard with the wetted paper, when it instantly disappears, and the white mark from the operation may be immediately removed by rubbing the table with a cloth.

Valuable Recipt for Curing Hams.

Take 6 Gallons of water, 9 lbs. salt half fine the other coarse 3 lbs brown sugar. 1 qt. molasses, 4 oz. Salt-petter. 1 oz. perlash; boil and skim it well, and when cold put it to your beef. Rub your beef with fine salt, put the above ingredients into a clean pot or kettle, and let them boil being careful to take off the scum as it rises. let it stand till cold, then put the liquor on it and let it stand

Sept. 27th 1843

Shoe Blacking

Perhaps the best in the world is elderberries. Mash the Berries with your hand in a large kettle of water. Set them in the shade a few days, until they ferment; then boil it half a day, filling it up with water. After it is cool, strain & wring it through a coarse cloth and then boil it down to the thickness of molasses. Put a small quantity with a feather on a brush; rub the shoe till there is a fine glass. The same will make good writing ink.

Augt. 17. 1834

Cure for Sick Headache

A tea spoonful of finely powdered Charcoal drank in half a ~~pint~~ tumbler of water, will in less than fifteen minutes give relief to the Sick headache, when caused by a superabundance of acid in the Stomach

Newburyport Herald
July 10. 1836.—

A certain cure for a Wen

Make make a very strong brine and dip into it a piece of flannel two or three times double, and apply it to the wen, keeping it constantly wet night and day, until a suppuration takes place, From a young
April 1. 1838 Lady

Cure for the Consumption

Take 3 quarts of good spring water 1 quart of wheat bran half pint of tar and half pint of honey. Simmer them gently for two or three hours in a stone pot over a slow fire. Let the compound cool sufficiently to admit yeast to work through it then put in half pint of good yeast and let it stand thirty six hours. Take half a wine glass three times a day a few minutes before eating. If this appear too much take a less quantity. To these ascribes his rescue from an early grave to which he was evidently fast hastening by a consumption brought on by the measles

N.Y. July 24 1837 P. Gilbert

Cure for Cancer

Mr. Thomas Isrell of Missouri, advertises that a cancer upon his nose, which had been treated without success by Dr. Smith of Newhaven, and the ablest Surgeon in the Western Country, had been Cured in the following manner. He was recommended to use Strong Potash made of Ashes of red oak bark, boiled down to the consistence of molasses, to cover the Cancer with it, and in about an hour afterwards to cover with a plaster of tar, which must be renewed after a few days, and if any protuberances remain in the wound, apply more potash to them and the plaster again, until they shall disappear; after which heal the wound with Common Salve. ~~Courtor~~ Cautery and the Knife had been previously used in vain. The treatment effected a perfect and speedy cure.

April 21. 1839

Easy Mode of edging Razor.

On the rough side of a strop of leather, or on an ~~[illegible]~~ undressed side of calf skin binding of a book, rub a piece of tin or common pewter spoon for half a minute, or till the leather becomes glossy with the metal.

If the razor be passed over this leather about half a dozen times, it will acquire a finer edge than by any other method.

Mechanics Magazine

For Boots & Shoes

Put one pound of tallow & half a pound of rosin into a pot on the fire; when melted & mixed warm the boots and apply the hot stuff with a paint brush, until neither the sole nor upper leather will suck in any more. To make a polish, dissolve an ounce of bees wax in an ounce of spirits of turpentine, to which add a teaspoonful of lamp-black. A day or two after the boots have been treated with tallow & rosin, rub over them the wax & turpentine but not before the fire.

To make Tomato Wine

Press the juice out clear

To One gallon of Juice add one pound of Molasses Sugar — after it begins to ferment Scald it.

Sept. 30-1841

Cure for the Dysentery.

Take a tumbler of cold water thicken it with wheat flour about the thickness of cream drink it several times in the course of the day, or as you are thirsty.

To get insects from the ear

If you get an insect in your ear, fill your ear with oil and the bug will come out.

1841

Blacking

Put one gallon of vinegar into a stone jug. add one pound of ivory black, well pulverized a pound of loaf sugar, half an ounce of oil of ~~vitriol~~ Vitriol, and one ounce of Sweet Oil; incorporate the whole by stirring thoroughly. This blacking is in great request. It produces a fine jet polish, and is ~~to~~ not injurious leather.

A strong cement for glass wood &c. Steep isinglass 24 hours in common white Brandy then gently boil and keep stirring until the composition is well mixed and a drop if ~~cold~~ cooled will become a jelly then strain it into a stone jar a vessel to be kept closely stopped.

Water proof for Shoes & Boots

Take India Rubber, cut it into fine shreds, and put about one Oz. of it into half a pint of Seneka Oil, or (petroleum). Let the mixture stand about a week, at the end of which time the gum will be dissolved, and a thick elastic varnish formed, which may be applied ~~to~~ to the boots or shoes with a brush, and will be absorbed by the leather — the varnish to be applied once a day till the leather is saturated, when the shoes will be perfectly water proof and remain soft and easy to the foot.

Dec. 6. 1826

Remedy for Burns & Scalds

Flour thrown on from a common flour box, is one of the best remedies yet discovered. The edges of the wound which remain open, dress with lime water and oil

1351

For Shoes—

Sept. 28. 1826

Mix a pint of drying oil, one
two oz. of wax. two oz. of tur-
pentine, and half an oz. of
Burgundy pitch, carefully
over a slow fire. Lay the
mixture, while hot, on the
boots or shoes, with a sponge
or soft brush, and when they
are dry lay it on again.
till the leather will hold
no more. Let them be put
away and not be worn
until they are perfectly
dry. They will afterwards
be found not only impen-
etrable to wet, but soft and
pliable, and far more
durable. — Sept. 28. 1826

A Cure for Diarrhea

Parch half a pint of rice until
it is brown, then boil it as rice
is usually boiled. Eat slowly. and
it will stop the most alarming
cases of diarrhea